

## **FAST FACT SHEET #5**

## How Have Employer Provided Pensions and Retirement Savings Changed?

✓ While overall participation in employer-based plans has been flat or declining, there has been a shift from defined-benefit pensions to dTefined contribution plans in the private sector.

Economic Policy Institute, <u>Retirement Inequality Chartbook: How the 401(k)</u> revolution created a few big winners and many losers, September 2013.

✓ In 1979, 28% of all private sector workers only participated in a defined benefit plan, but by 2011, 3% of all private sector workers only participated in a defined benefit plan.

Employee Benefit Research Institute, FAQs About Benefits—Retirement Issues: What are the trends in U.S. retirement plans?

✓ In 1979, 7% of all private sector workers only participated in a defined contribution plan, but by 2011, 31% of all private sector workers only participated in a defined contribution plan.

Employee Benefit Research Institute, FAQs About Benefits—Retirement Issues: What are the trends in U.S. retirement plans?

✓ Among those private sector workers who had retirement plans in 1979, 62% only had a defined benefit plan, 16% only had a defined contribution plan, and 22% had both. By 2011, however, 7% only had a defined benefit plan, 69% only had a defined contribution plan, and 24% had both.

Employee Benefit Research Institute, FAQs About Benefits—Retirement Issues: What are the trends in U.S. retirement plans?

✓ In 2014, 60% of private sector workers had access to a defined contribution plan, while 19% of private sector workers had access to a defined benefit plan.

Bureau of Labor Statistics, <u>Retirement benefits: Access, participation, and take-up rates,</u>
private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2014.

✓ Access to plans for private sector workers varies significantly based on firm size. 46% of workers in firms larger than 500 employees had access to a defined benefit plan, while 8% in firms with less than 100 employees had access to a defined benefit plan.

Bureau of Labor Statistics, <u>Retirement benefits: Access, participation, and take-up rates,</u>
private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2014

✓ Access to plans for private sector workers also varies significantly based on unionization. 71% of unionized private sector workers had access to a defined benefit plan, while 13% of non-unionized private sector workers had access to a defined benefit plan.

Bureau of Labor Statistics, <u>Retirement benefits: Access, participation, and take-up rates,</u>
<u>private industry workers, National Compensation Survey,</u> March 2014

✓ In 2014, 83% of state and local government workers had access to a defined benefit plan, while 33% of state and local workers had access to a defined contribution plan.

Bureau of Labor Statistics, <u>Retirement benefits: Access, participation, and take-up rates, State and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2014</u>

✓ Of those state and local government workers in unions in 2014, 95% had access to a defined benefit plan, with 86% participating. Of those workers not in unions, 75% had access to a defined benefit plan, with 65% participating.

Bureau of Labor Statistics, <u>Retirement benefits: Access, participation, and take-up</u> rates, State and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2014