Reimagining Retirement 2030: A Roadmap for Action

CRI Annual Policy Innovation Forum

October 22, 2020

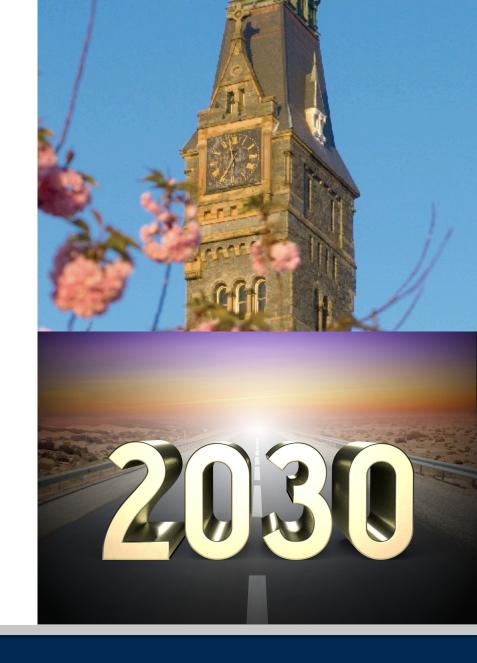


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GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY

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CENTER FOR RETIREMENT **INITIATIVES**











What Could a 21st-Century Lifetime Income "Pension" Look Like?

Moderator | Charles Millard Former Director, Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC)



Panel Participants



Doug Kincaid
Assistant Vice President,
Greenwald Research



Tamiko Toland Head of Research, CANNEX



David Pitt-Watson
Visiting Fellow,
Cambridge Judge
Business School (UK)



David Pratt
Jay and Ruth Caplan
Distinguished
Professor of Law,
Albany Law School



Richard Fullmer Founder, Nuova Longevità Research

Doug Kincaid

Assistant Vice President Greenwald Research

&

Tamiko Toland
Head of Research
CANNEX



2020 Guaranteed Lifetime Income Study

2020 CRI Annual Policy Innovation Forum
October 2020



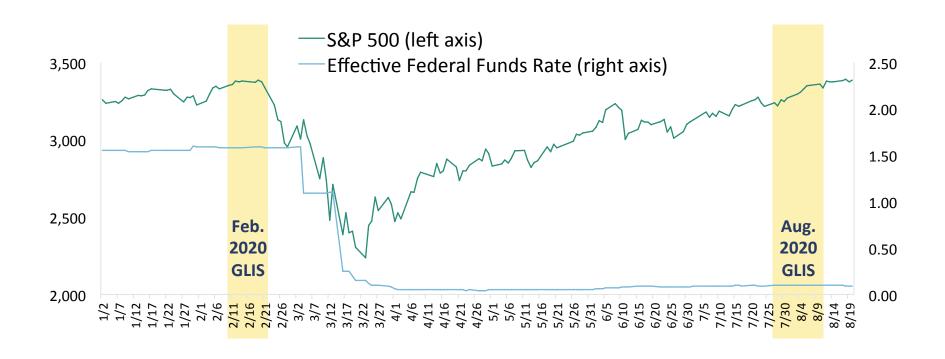
About the Study

- Annual consumer survey trended since 2014
 - Respondents are ages 55–75 with investable assets of \$100K+
- Annual financial advisor survey trended since 2019
 - Respondents work with individual clients and 50% of their clients must be age 55+
 - Mix of advisor channels and AUM and experience requirements as well
- In 2020, the annual surveys fielded in February, days before the market crashed in response to COVID-19
- A mid-year update of the surveys was then fielded in August to compare



Context for the February and August Waves of GLIS

S&P 500 and Effective Federal Funds Rate: January 2020–August 2020

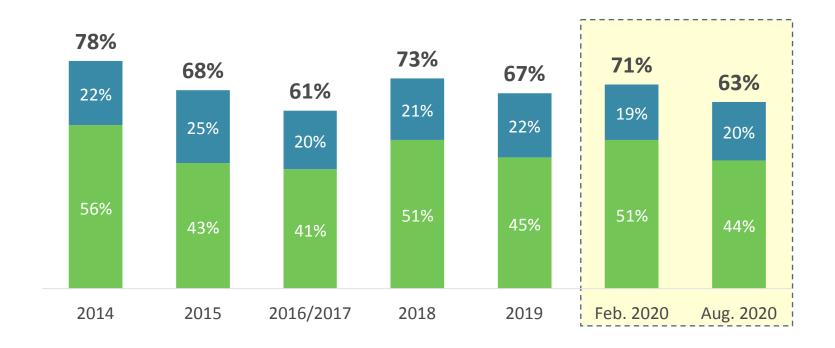




Perceived value of GLI has always been very high among consumers, but it decreased between Feb and Aug 2020.

Perceived Value of Guaranteed Lifetime Income in Addition to Social Security

Highly Valuable: Rated 6–7 out of 7





Consumer interest in in-plan GLI products has remained stable from February.

"I would be more interested in purchasing a product that provides GLI if it were available through my employer-sponsored retirement plan"

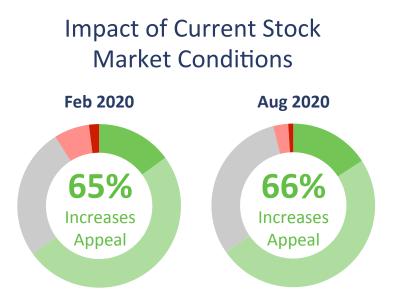
Among Pre-retirees, Non-GLI Owners

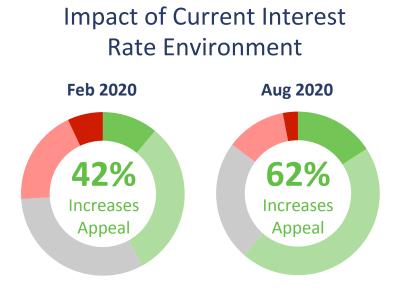




Advisors consider the current market and interest rate environment to be favorable for GLI products.

Appeal of Recommending GLI Products to Clients **Among Advisors**



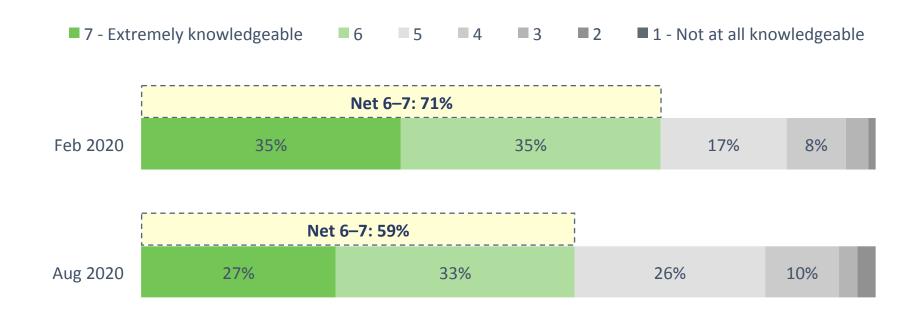




Advisors are significantly less confident in their knowledge about GLI annuities than they were in February.

Knowledgeability on GLI Annuities

Among Advisors





Thinking about the Plan Sponsor perspective

- A double-edged sword: Education around set it and forget it has both worked and been reinforced.
- High time to educate participants about sequence of returns risk and the value of income protection.
- Participants are certainly ready, as interest in GLI within an employer-sponsored retirement plan remains steady (nearly half).
- Professionals recognize that the current environment increases the appeal of these products.
- Sponsors and everybody else upstream in the plan space desperately need education on income protection.



More on the Mid-Year Update

- Top 5 Key Findings and a related data supplement are available on our websites.
- White paper in progress.
- Greenwald Research: https://greenwaldresearch.com/glis/
- CANNEX: http://www.cannex.com/index.php/2020-gli-study-u-s/

David Pratt

Jay and Ruth Caplan Distinguished Professor of Law Albany Law School

David Pratt
Albany Law School
dprat@albanylaw.edu

What is the problem?

Is a 401(k) a retirement income plan?

 Are there barriers to lifetime income in 401(k)s?

- What is a legal or regulatory barrier?
- ERISA and fiduciary responsibility
- Important changes under the 2019 SECURE Act
- Limitations of the new safe harbor

- Changing the mindset from accumulation to income
- Lifetime income as a default
- Longevity annuities and partial annuitization
- Need to inform and educate insurers, investment advisors, employers, recordkeepers and plan participants

- Insufficient accumulations and leakage
- Multiple small accounts
- Financial and wellness counseling
- IRAs must also be addressed

David Pitt-Watson

Visiting Fellow
Cambridge Judge Business School (UK)



The benefits of Pooled Pensions

The Logic, the Evidence and some History

David Pitt-Watson

For Georgetown Centre for Retirement Initiatives Policy Innovation Forums 22nd October 2020



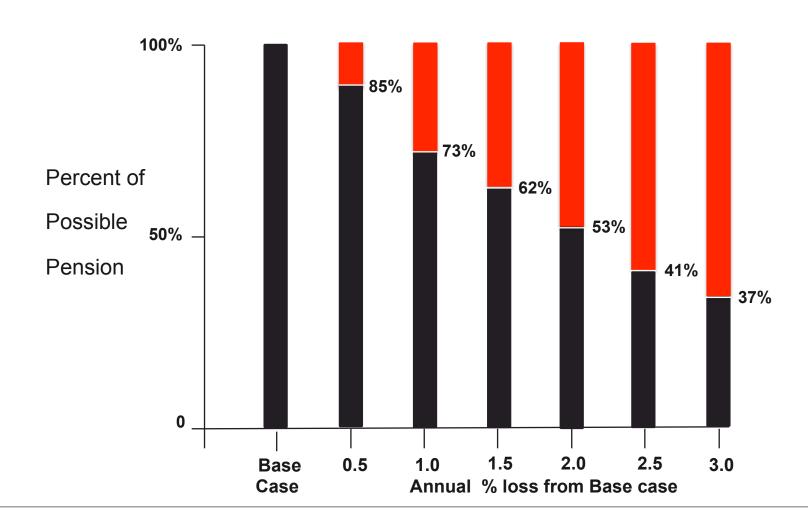
The world's best pension systems are characterised by effective systems of pooling

- "I want an income which will last from the time I retire until the time I die' (RSA Citizen Juries)
- That is the aim of the world's best pension systems
- They all use pooling because:-
 - 1) It facilitates professional management—low cost risk adjusted returns
 - 2) It allow a sharing of longevity risk
 - 3) It creates long term pools of capital
 - 4) It mitigates timing risk
- These advantages make a big difference to outcomes
- Failure to use pooling results in a huge drop in productivity



Loss to pension-in-payment of higher charge or loss of return

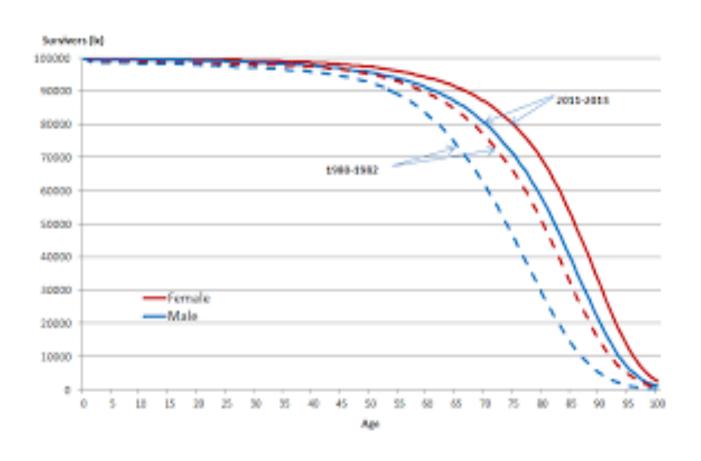
60 Year pension





'I know not the day of my death' Genesis 27.2

Survivorship by age in UK





Studies of Pooled Pensions

Study	Comparison made/methodology	Key Variables	Upside
Almeida and Fornia	DB vs DC for same expected lifetime income	Longevity risk Investment portfolio	85%
UK Government Actuary	DC+Annuity vs CDC Various scenarios, Monte Carlo Simulation	Investment portfolio	39%
Royal Society of Arts (RSA)	DC+Annuity vs CDC Simple cost modelling	Costs	37%
AON Hewitt (+RSA)	DC+Annuity vs CDC Modelling on historic returns 1930- Present	Historic returns	33%
Pension Policy Institute	DC+Annuity vs CDC Modelling expected returns	Investment returns	Over 40 %
Willis Towers Watson	DB vs CDC Typical asset allocations and returns c2020	Investment returns	40%
	DC+Annuity vs CDC returns c2020	Investment returns	70%



What are the Problems of (non-DB) Pooling?

- Participants bear all the risk. So as in all DC, benefits can vary. (Though variance is manageable)
- So communication vital
- All design features and judgements need to be fair between generations
- Skilled, accountable, trustee governance is vital



Why we forgot the advantages of pooling?

Path dependency or why history matters

- Fifty years ago, the UK and the Netherlands might have been judged to have similar collective DB/DC hybrid occupational pensions
- Over time in the UK the pensions became DB
 - That then proved unaffordable and DC+Annuity was introduced
 - That then proved expensive and simple DC savings became the norm
- The Netherlands continued with a collective system which operated very like DB
 - Hit problems in 2010 when pensions needed to be cut
 - However the average cut was only 2% (max 6%)
 - Reform now in place-but no abandonment of pooling
- The UK is now (re-)introducing collective DC
 - Which will immediately be adopted by Royal Mail





- For very obvious reasons the world's best pension systems use pooling to create a lifetime retirement income.
- But the traditional pooled DB system is being abandoned
- A most urgent need to think through how we introduce a more effective and productive system
- The benefits of doing so are vast

Richard Fullmer

Founder Nuova Longevità Research

GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR RETIREMENT INITIATIVES

REIMAGINING RETIREMENT 2030: A ROADMAP FOR ACTION

What Could a 21st-Century Lifetime Income "Pension" Look Like?

20-22 OCTOBER 2020

Modern Tontine Pensions

RICHARD K. FULLMER

NUOVA LONGEVITÀ RESEARCH



Background

Many retirees are underprepared for retirement

- Lack of access to retirement saving programs
- Under-saving
- Lack of financial literacy and knowledge

Defined contribution (DC) plans are typically savings oriented...

...but retirees need a way to transform that savings into lifetime income

...and traditional withdrawal strategies are highly uncertain (longevity risk)

...and people tend not to purchase annuities on their own (annuity puzzle)

Modern tontines

Tontines combine an investment with a payout scheme

- Investment is irrevocable
- Upon death, account balances are transferred to surviving members
- In this way, investors collect a longevity yield (survivor credits) for as long as they survive

Tontines pool and diversify the individual longevity risks of their members

- Members collectively share longevity risk
- No third-party guarantor/insurer
- No guarantee premiums, no reserves, no counterparty risk

Payouts self-adjust to ensure the tontine remains fully funded at all times

Think of tontines as *actuarially-fair*, *non-insured* annuities

Brain teaser...

Q) Are tontine arrangements a subset of collective defined contribution (CDC) schemes?

Or are CDC schemes a subset of tontine arrangements?

Perhaps it depends on how one defines these terms – there is a lot of overlap

"Pure" tontines make no attempt at intergenerational wealth transfer

Modern tontine *pensions*

Structured as an open-ended, perpetual membership pool

Pays out in the form of a life annuity (with variable payments)

- Adheres to a strict "budget constraint" (must always remain fully funded)
- Fully funded status applies to each and every member

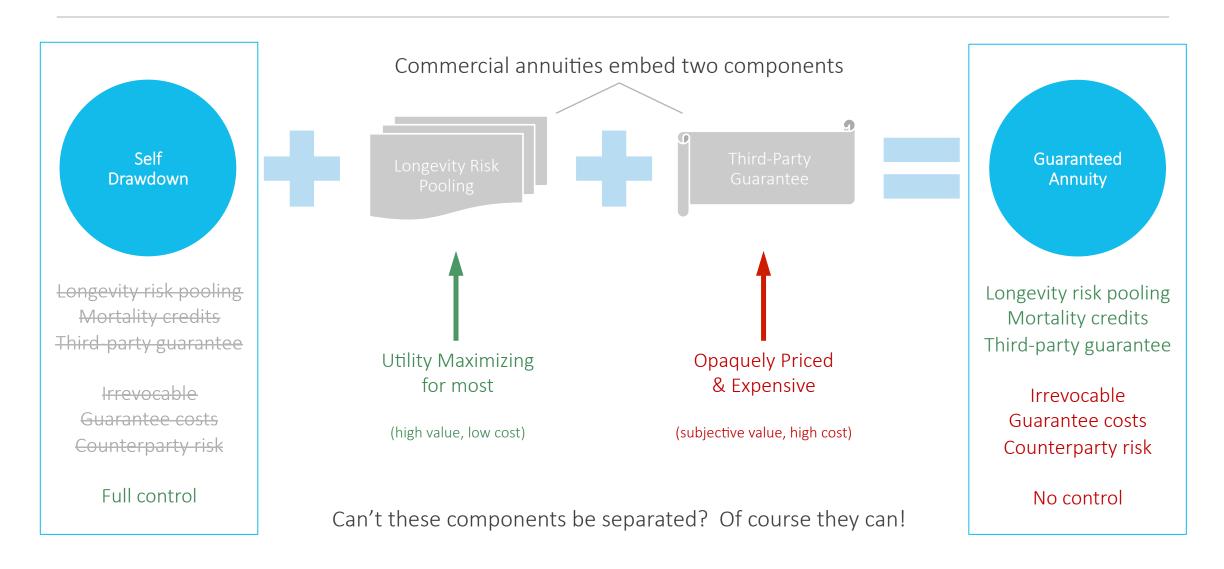
Like mutual funds, but:

- Longevity risk is pooled and shared
- Contributions are irrevocable to enforce the risk-sharing arrangement
- At death, account balances are *fairly* redistributed to surviving members (survivor credits)
- Pays out in the form of lifetime income

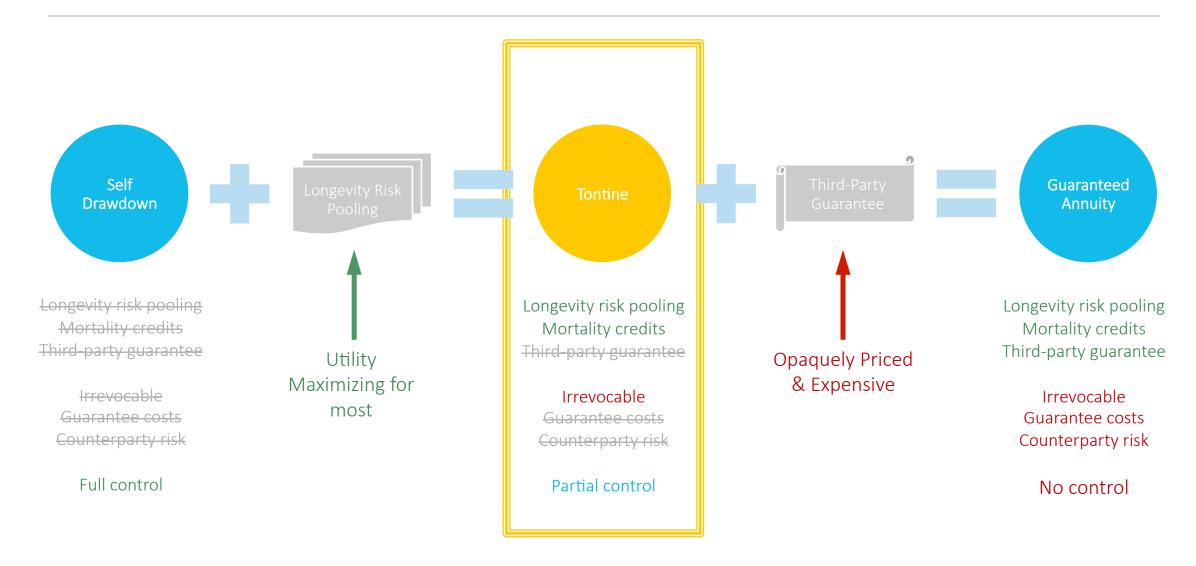
Like commercial life annuities, but:

- Is actuarially-fair (lower cost)
- Payout levels are not guaranteed, may rise and fall
- Investors share systematic mortality risk

The retiree's dilemma: invest or insure?



High value. Low cost.



State or private sponsorship

States have begun rolling out their own retirement saving programs for workers that lack access to a DC savings plan (e.g., 'Secure Choice' plans)

These programs address the *access* and u*nder-saving* problems...

...but not the problem of transforming savings into lifetime income

Tontine pensions are a natural solution

States could sponsor and outsource operations to private companies (similar to 529 plans)

Alternatively, private entities could sponsor (e.g., corporate DC plans, private companies)

Benefits to plan sponsors

Lifetime income

- Well-suited to the DC model (individual accounts, investment options)
- Lifetime income is assured (to some maximum age, such as 120)
- Income may begin immediately at retirement or deferred to an advanced age
- No counterparty risk with third-party guarantors

Efficiency

- Participants enjoy significantly higher returns than traditional investments
- Lower cost structure than conventional annuities
- May be offered with the same investment choices that already exist in the DC plan

Sustainability

Perpetually fully funded

Summary

Tontine pensions:

- Are self-correcting and thus fully sustainable
- Offer low-cost universal access to pension-like lifetime income
- Offer freedom of portfolio selection
- Offer freedom to choose from a variety of payout options
- Represent a partial remedy to the annuity puzzle
 - Lower cost
 - Greater transparency

Payout volatility can be minimized by:

- Encouraging a large membership pool (the law of large numbers)
- Using conservative investments and employing duration matching techniques

Selected additional reading

Tontines: A Practitioner's Guide to Mortality-Pooled Investments

Fullmer, R. K. (2019). Charlottesville, VA: CFA Institute Research Institute.

https://www.cfainstitute.org/-/media/documents/article/rf-brief/fullmer-tontines-rf-brief.ashx

The Case for Tontine Pensions as a Lifetime Income Solution for State-Sponsored Retirement Savings Programs
Fullmer, R. K. and Forman, J. B. (2020). Georgetown University Center for Retirement Initiatives Blog.
https://cri.georgetown.edu/the-case-for-tontine-pensions-as-a-lifetime-income-solution-for-state-sponsored-retirement-savings-programs/

State-sponsored Pensions for Private Sector Workers: The Case for Pooled Annuities and Tontines Fullmer, R. K. and Forman, J. B. (2020). Wharton Pension Research Council Working Papers. https://repository.upenn.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1688&context=prc_papers

Tontine Pensions

Forman, J. B. and Sabin, M. J. (2015). University of Pennsylvania Law Review, 173(3):755-831. https://scholarship.law.upenn.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=9471&context=penn_law_review

Individual Tontine Accounts

Fullmer, R. K. and Sabin, M. J. (2019). Journal of Accounting and Finance, 19(8). https://doi.org/10.33423/jaf.v19i8.2615



600 New Jersey Avenue, NW, 4th floor | Washington, DC 20001 | 202-687-4901 cri.georgetown.edu

Angela M. Antonelli

Research Professor Executive Director, Center for Retirement Initiatives

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