GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY

McCourt School of Public Policy

CENTER FOR RETIREMENT INITIATIVES

Economic Well-Being of U. Households in 2020 Federal Reserve Report

> 1/4

OF ADULTS HAD ONE OR MORE BILLS THAT THEY WERE UNABLE TO PAY IN FULL THAT MONTH

OR WERE ONE

\$400

FINANCIAL SETBACK AWAY FROM BEING UNABLE TO PAY THEM

AMONG LAID-OFF BLACK WORKERS

64%

WERE UNABLE TO PAY THEIR BILLS IN FULL OR WOULD HAVE BEEN UNABLE TO DO SO IF FACED WITH AN UNEXPECTED \$400 EXPENSE

COMPARED WITH

45%

OF ALL LAID-OFF ADULTS²

29%

OF ADULTS WHO RETIRED IN THE PAST YEAR SAID FACTORS RELATED TO COVID-19 CONTRIBUTED TO WHEN THEY RETIRED. COMPARED TO OTHER RETIREES, RECENT RETIREES WHOSE RETIREMENT DECISION WAS RELATED TO COVID-19 WERE LESS LIKELY TO SAY THEY RETIRED BECAUSE THEY REACHED A NORMAL RETIREMENT AGE.

COLLECTIVELY, HEALTH PROBLEMS, CARING FOR FAMILY, AND LACK OF WORK CONTRIBUTED TO THE TIMING OF RETIREMENT FOR

45%

OF RETIREES

Younger adults

WERE BOTH LESS LIKELY TO HAVE RETIREMENT SAVINGS AND TO VIEW THEIR SAVINGS AS ON TRACK THAN OLDER ADULTS.

COMPARED TO ALL NON-RETIREES,

Black and Hispanic non-retirees

WERE LESS LIKELY TO HAVE RETIREMENT SAVINGS AND TO VIEW THEIR RETIREMENT SAVINGS AS ON TRACK, WHILE WHITE AND ASIAN NON-RETIREES WERE MORE LIKELY TO HAVE SUCH SAVINGS AND SAY THEY WERE ON TRACK

42%

OF NON-RETIREES WHO EXPERIENCED A LAYOFF IN THE PAST YEAR DID NOT HAVE SELF-DIRECTED RETIREMENT SAVINGS AT THE TIME OF THE SURVEY

COMPARED TO

26%

OF NON-RETIREES
WHO DID NOT
EXPERIENCE A
LAYOFF

SOURCE: SOURCE: U.S. FEDERAL RESERVE, "REPORT ON THE ECONOMIC WELL-BEING OF U.S. HOUSEHOLDS IN 2020," MAY 2021

MAY 2 1.4

2.35

3.**69**

4.**72** 5.**72**